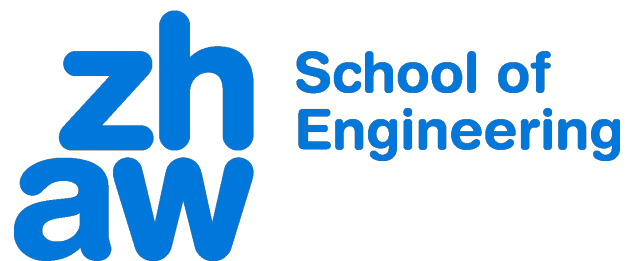


ZHAW Zurich University of Applied Sciences
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Zusammenfassung INF2 Studienwochen 1-4

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Zf. INF2 SW 1-4

1 File reading/writing

1.1 Open file

```
FILE *fopen (const char *filename, const char *mode)
```

1.2 Close file

```
int fclose (FILE *stream)
```

1.3 Write text file

```
int fprintf (FILE *stream, const char *format, ...)
int fputc(int ch, FILE* stream) int fputs (const char* str, FILE* stream)
```

1.4 Read text file

```
int fscanf (FILE *stream, const char *format, ...)
int fgetc (FILE* stream)
char* fgets (char* str, int count, FILE* stream)
↪ Reading stops at LF (LF will be in return string) or until max num reached
```

1.5 Flush data buffer

```
int fflush (FILE *stream)
```

1.6 String tokenizer

```
char *strtok (char *str, const char *delimiters)
```

1.7 Write binary file

```
int fwrite (const void *ptr, int size, int n, FILE *fp)
```

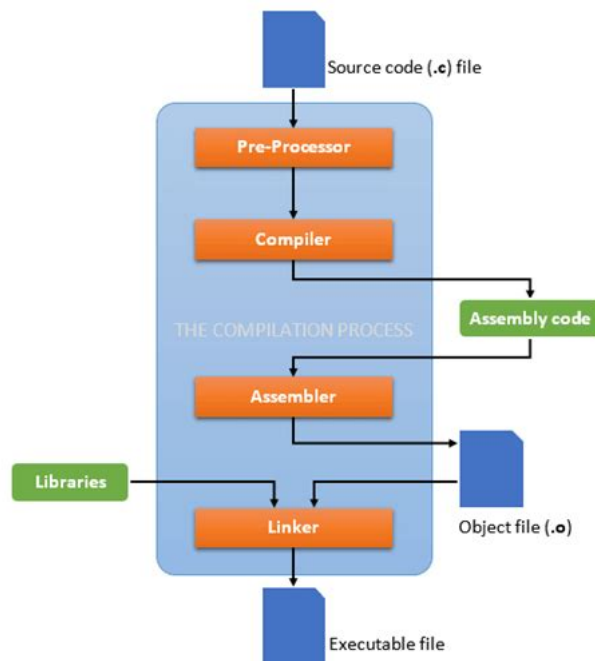
1.8 Read binary file

```
int fread (const void *ptr, int size, int n, FILE *st)
```

1.9 Access modes

r	Read
rb	Read binary
w	Write
wb	Write binary
a	Append
ab	Append binary

2 Compiler



`#include<...>` → Lib file from standard folder
`#include"..."` → Lib file from cwd
`#ifdef/#ifndef ... #endif` → Conditionals for pre-processor

2.1 Constants

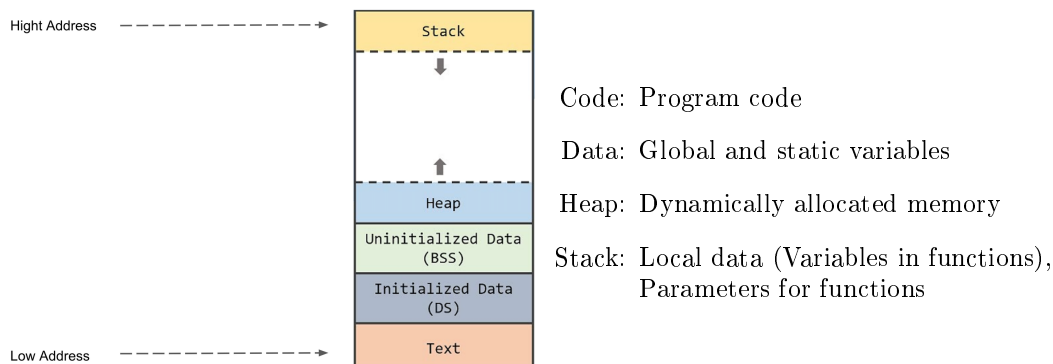
<code>__FILE__</code>	Name of the currently processed file
<code>__DATE__</code>	Date of translation
<code>__TIME__</code>	Time of translation
<code>__LINE__</code>	Line that is being processed
<code>__STDC__</code>	Defined when compiler in C mode
<code>__cplusplus</code>	Defined when compiler in C++ mode

2.2 Example macro

```

#define ALARM(text) \
    printf("*****_"); \
    printf("%s", text); \
    printf("*****_");
  
```

3 Dynamic memory (<stdlib.h>)



3.1 Allocate memory

```
void *malloc (size_t size)
```

3.2 Allocate memory and zero

```
void *calloc (size_t num, size_t size)
```

3.3 Reallocate memory

```
void *realloc (void *ptr, size_t size)
```

3.4 Free memory

```
void free (void *ptr)
```

4 Escape sequences

Sequence	ASCII	Description
<code>\n</code>	10	new line
<code>\r</code>	13	carriage return
<code>\t</code>	09	horizontal tab
<code>\v</code>	11	vertical tab
<code>\f</code>	12	form feed (Cursor to start of next page)
<code>\b</code>	08	backspace
<code>\a</code>	07	bell
<code>\'</code>	39	apostrophe
<code>\"</code>	34	quote
<code>\\</code>	92	backslash
<code>\nnn</code>		char value in octal (n = 0..7)
<code>\xhh</code>		char value in hex

5 Format

Sequence	Output
<code>%d</code> or <code>%i</code>	int
<code>%c</code>	character
<code>%e</code> or <code>%E</code>	double in format [-] d.ddd e±dd
<code>%f</code>	double in format [-] ddd.ddd
<code>%ot</code>	int as octal
<code>%s</code>	string
<code>%p</code>	As pointer address
<code>%u</code>	unsigned int
<code>%x</code> or <code>%X</code>	int as hex
<code>%%</code>	%

`%ni` output as int / flush right / n characters wide

`%0ni` output as int / flush right / n characters wide filled with 0

`%.nf` output as float / n digits after comma

`%+i` output as int / forces plus or minus sign

`%#x` int as hex / forces 0x before number

5.1 Weird operators

`i++` → Value is returned before and then incremented

`++i` → Value is first incremented and then returned